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Factsheet | Figures as of 30-09-2024

Robeco QI Global Developed Conservative Equities Fund is an actively managed fund that invests in low-volatility stocks in developed countries across the world. The selection of these stocks is based on a quantitative model. The full investment cycle, while still controlling relative risk through the applications of limits (on countries and sectors) to the extent of deviation from the Benchmark. The selected low-risk stocks are characterized by high dividend yields, attractive valuation, strong momentum and positive analyst revisions as well. This results in a diversified, low turnover portfolio of defensive stocks aiming to active stable equity returns and high income.



Calendar year performance

Pim van Vliet, Arlette van Ditshuizen, Maarten Polfliet, Jan Sytze Mosselaar, Arnoud Klep Fund manager since 17-09-2015

Performance

	Fund	Index
1 m	0.25%	1.00%
3 m	5.02%	2.14%
Ytd	15.81%	17.64%
1 Year	18.09%	25.63%
2 Years	11.14%	19.06%
3 Years	10.30%	10.46%
5 Years	7.16%	12.52%
Since 10-2015	9.31%	11.90%
Annualized (for periods longer than one year)	e performance differences may arise. For fu	rther info_see last page



Performance

Index

19.60%

-12.78%

31.07%

6.33%

30.02%

10.99%

13.58%

Fund

4.33%

0.04%

27.58%

-9.45%

28.49%

10.02%

9.15%

Based on transaction prices, the fund's return was 0.25%.

The fund aims to achieve long-term returns greater than equity markets with lower downside risk over the full investment cycle. The selected low-risk stocks are characterized by high dividend yields, attractive valuations, strong momentum and positive analyst revisions. This results in a diversified, low turnover portfolio of defensive stocks that aim to achieve stable equity returns and high income.

Expectation of fund manager

The Global Conservative Equities Fund invests in low volatility stocks with lower expected downside risk and good upside potential. The more stable stocks tend to be overlooked by investors, though they offer relatively high returns given their risk profile. We expect the fund to do particularly well during down markets and volatile market conditions. In a very bullish environment, the fund could lag the overall market, yet still deliver good absolute returns. In the long term, we expect stable equity returns and high income with considerably lower downside risk.

Index

2023

2022

2021

2020

2019

2021-2023

2019-2023

MSCI World Index

General facts

Morningstar	***
Type of fund	Equities
Currency	EUR
Total size of fund	EUR 267,242,061
Size of share class	EUR 236,154,034
Outstanding shares	1,528,821
1st quotation date	30-09-2015
Close financial year	31-12
Ongoing charges	0.42%
Daily tradable	Yes
Dividend paid	Yes
Ex-ante tracking error limit	-
Management company	Robeco Institutional Asset
	Management B.V.

Sustainability profile

Exclusions ESG Integration Voting & Engagement ESG Target

For more information on exclusions see https://www.robeco.com/exclusions/

The top ten positions are primarily the result of the fact that

these large companies have a low expected volatility

Top 10 largest positions

Factsheet Figures as of 30-09-2024

Top 10 largest positions

Holdings

Microsoft Corp

combined with good upside potential.	inty		Microsoft Corp Apple Inc
Fund price 30-09-24 High Ytd (30-09-24) Low Ytd (05-01-24)	EUR EUR EUR	154.67 154.67 140.08	Alphabet Inc (Class A) Walmart Inc Amazon.com Inc AT&T Inc
Fees Management fee Performance fee Service fee		0.29% None 0.12%	AbbVie Inc Novartis AG Procter හ Gamble Co/The JPMorgan Chase හ Co Total
Legal status Investment company with variable capital under Dutch law Issue structure UCITS V		orated Open-end Yes	Top 10/20/30 weights TOP 10 TOP 20 TOP 30
Share class This fund is a subfund of Robeco Umbrella	Fund I	X EUR N.V.	Statistics
Registered in Netherlands			Tracking error ex-post (%) Information ratio Sharpe ratio

NL0011354972

RGCEQXE NA

BZBX2D9

Currency policy Currency risk will not be hedged. Exchange-rate fluctuations will therefore directly affect the fund's share price.

Risk management

Risk management is fully integrated in the investment process to ensure that positions always meet predefined guidelines.

Dividend policy

In principle the fund distributes dividend on an annual basis.

Fund codes

ISIN Bloomberg Sedol

ATET Inc	Communication Services	2.03
AbbVie Inc	Health Care	2.03
Novartis AG	Health Care	1.96
Procter & Gamble Co/The	Consumer Staples	1.93
JPMorgan Chase & Co	Financials	1.90
Total		22.93
Top 10/20/30 weights		
TOP 10	2	2.93%
TOP 20	3	8.89%
ТОР 30	5	0.34%
Statistics		
	3 Years 5	Years
Tracking error ex-post (%)	7.73	7.31
Information ratio	0.03	-0.67
Sharpe ratio	0.82	0.52
Alpha (%)	3.11	-1.60
Beta	0.63	0.73
Standard deviation	10.47	12.66
Max. monthly gain (%)	7.61	9.42
Max. monthly loss (%)	-5.87	-13.83
Above mentioned ratios are based on gross of fees returns		
Hit ratio		
	3 Years 5	Years
Months outperformance	19	25
Hit ratio (%)	52.8	41.7
Months Bull market	23	39
Months outperformance Bull	8	11
Hit ratio Bull (%)	34.8	28.2
Months Bear market	13	21
Months Outperformance Bear	11	14
Hit ratio Bear (%)	84.6	66.7
Above mentioned ratios are based on gross of fees returns.		

Sector

Information Technology

Information Technology

Communication Services

Consumer Discretionary

Consumer Staples

%

3.12

3.06

2.65

2.15

2.15

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Robeco QI Global Developed Conservative Equities Fund - EUR X

Factsheet | Figures as of 30-09-2024

Asset Allocation

Asset allocation	
Equity	98.5
Cash	1.5

Sector allocation

The Global Conservative Equities Fund is not benchmark driven. It uses a quantitative stock selection model for bottom-up selection of stocks with low expected absolute risk and high expected return characteristics. The current weights in defensive sectors are high compared to regular indices. This is due to the fact that these sectors contain a relatively large number of stable and attractively priced stocks.

Sector allocation	Deviation index	
Information Technology	18.7%	-6.0%
Financials	18.1%	2.7%
Health Care	13.5%	1.8%
Communication Services	11.6%	4.0%
Consumer Staples	11.5%	5.0%
Consumer Discretionary	10.4%	0.1%
Industrials	8.0%	-3.1%
Energy	4.1%	0.2%
Utilities	2.0%	-0.7%
Real Estate	1.2%	-1.1%
Materials	1.0%	-2.8%
Not Classified	0.0%	-0.1%

Country allocation

The Global Conservative Equities Fund is not benchmark driven. It uses a quantitative stock selection model for bottom-up selection of stocks with low expected absolute risk and high expected return characteristics. The current weights in certain countries are high compared to regular indices. This is due to the fact that these countries contain a relatively large number of stable and attractively priced stocks.

Country allocation	Deviation index	
United States	65.1%	-6.7%
Japan	8.0%	2.4%
Canada	7.0%	3.9%
Switzerland	4.9%	2.4%
Netherlands	3.2%	2.0%
Germany	2.2%	-0.1%
United Kingdom	1.6%	-2.1%
Australia	1.6%	-0.3%
Norway	1.1%	1.0%
Italy	1.1%	0.4%
Hong Kong	0.9%	0.4%
Israel	0.9%	0.7%
Other	2.4%	-3.9%

ESG Important information

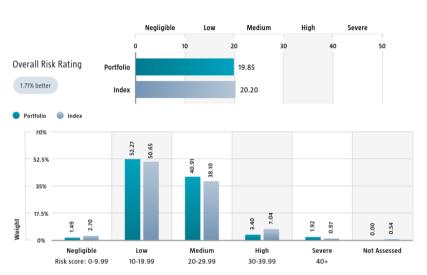
The sustainability information in this factsheet can help investors integrate sustainability considerations in their process. This information is for informational purposes only. The reported sustainability information may not at all be used in relation to binding elements for this fund. A decision to invest should take into account all characteristics or objectives of the fund as described in the prospectus. The prospectus is available on request and free of charge on the Robeco website.

Sustainability

The fund systematically incorporates sustainability in the investment process via exclusions, ESG integration, ESG and environmental footprint targets, engagement and voting. The fund does not invest in stocks issued by companies that are in breach of international norms or where its activities have been deemed detrimental to society following Robeco's exclusion policy. Financially material ESG factors are integrated in the portfolio construction to ensure the ESG score of the portfolio is better than that of the index. In addition, the environmental footprints of the fund are made lower than that of the benchmark by restricting the GHG emissions, water use and waste generation. With these portfolio construction rules, stocks issued by companies with better ESG scores or environmental footprints are more likely to be included in the portfolio while stocks issued by companies with worse ESG scores or environmental footprints are more likely to be divested from the portfolio. In addition, where a stock issuer is flagged for breaching international standards in the ongoing monitoring, the issuer will become subject to engagement. Lastly, the fund makes use of shareholder rights and applies proxy voting in accordance with Robeco's proxy voting policy. The following sections display the ESG-metrics for this fund along with short descriptions. For more information please visit the sustainability-related disclosures.

Sustainalytics ESG Risk Rating

The Portfolio Sustainalytics ESG Risk Rating chart displays the portfolio's ESG Risk Rating. This is calculated by multiplying each portfolio component's Sustainalytics ESG Risk Rating by its respective portfolio weight. The Distribution across Sustainalytics ESG Risk levels chart shows the portfolio allocations broken into Sustainalytics' five ESG risk levels: negligible (0-10), low (10-20), medium (20-30), high (30-40) and severe (40+), providing an overview of portfolio exposure to the different ESG risk levels. Index scores are provided alongside the portfolio scores, highlighting the portfolio's ESG risk level compared to the index. Only holdings mapped as corporates are included in the figures.





Environmental Footprint

Environmental footprint expresses the total resource consumption of the portfolio per mUSD invested. Each assessed company's footprint is calculated by normalizing resources consumed by the company's enterprise value including cash (EVIC). We aggregate these figures to portfolio level using a weighted average, multiplying each assessed portfolio constituent's footprint by its respective position weight. For comparison, index footprints are shown besides that of the portfolio. The equivalent factors that are used for comparison between the portfolio and index represent European averages and are based on third-party sources combined with own estimates. As such, the figures presented are intended for illustrative purposes and are purely an indication. Only holdings mapped as corporates are included in the figures.

GHG Emissions Scope 1, 2 & 3 upstream tco ₂ ea/muSD 4.35% better	Portfolio Index		78.53 82.10	The difference is equivalent to the annual CO ₂ emission produced by	<mark>3</mark> ආ Cars
Source: Robeco data based on Trucost data.	*				
Waste generation Tonnes/mUSD 41.23% better	Portfolio Index	15.24	25.94	The difference is equivalent to the annual waste generation of	2 S People
Source: Robeco data based on Trucost data.	*				
Water use m*/mUSD 93.66% better	Portfolio Index	352.98	5,568.44	The difference is equivalent to the annual water consumption of	119 8 People

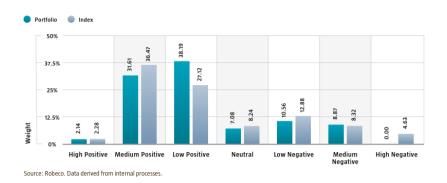
Source: Robeco data based on Trucost data. *

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SDG Impact Alignment

This distribution across SDG scores shows the portfolio weight allocated to companies with a positive, negative and neutral impact alignment with the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) based on Robeco's SDG Framework. The framework utilizes a three-step approach to assess a company's impact alignment with the relevant SDGs and assign a total SDG score. The score ranges from positive to negative impact alignment with levels from high, medium or low impact alignment. This results in a 7-step scale from -3 to +3. For comparison, index figures are provided alongside that of the portfolio. Only holdings mapped as corporates are included in the figures.

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Engagement

Robeco distinguishes between three types of engagement.

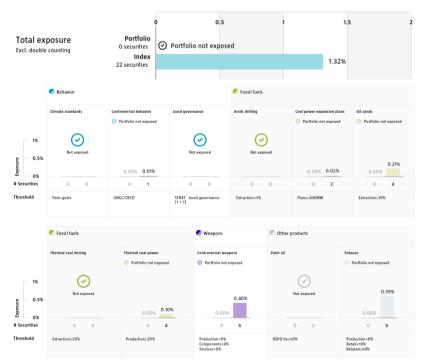
Value Engagement focuses on long-term issues that are financially material and/or are causing adverse sustainability impacts. The themes can be broken into Environmental, Social, Governance, or Voting-related. SDG Engagement aims to drive a clear and measurable improvement in a company's SDG contribution. Enhanced engagement is triggered by misconduct and focuses on companies severely breaching internationals standards. The report is based on all companies in the portfolio for which engagement activities have taken place during the past 12 months. Note that companies may be under engagement in multiple categories simultaneously. While the total portfolio exposure excludes double counting, it may not equal the sum of individual category exposures.

	Portfolio exposure	# companies engaged with	# activities with companies engaged with
Total (* excluding double counting)	36.06%	27	133
💱 Environmental	10.73%	8	47
😤 Social	5.20%	6	25
🖮 Governance	9.82%	6	21
Sustainable Development Goals	15.27%	8	37
😤 Voting Related	1.41%	3	3
Enhanced	0.00%	0	0

Source: Robeco. Data derived from internal processes.

Exclusions

The Exclusions charts display the degree of adherence to exclusion applied by Robeco. For reference, index exposures are shown beside that of the portfolio. Thresholds are based on revenues unless otherwise indicated. For more information about the exclusion policy and which level applies, please refer to the Exclusion Policy and Exclusion List available on Robeco.com.



Source: We use several data sources such as Sustainalytics, RSPO (Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil), World Bank, Freedom House, Fund for Peace and International Sanctions; further policy document available Exclusion Policy

Investment policy

Robeco QI Global Developed Conservative Equities Fund is an actively managed fund that invests in low-volatility stocks in developed countries across the world. The selection of these stocks is based on a quantitative model. The fund aims to achieve long-term returns greater than equity markets with lower downside risk over the full investment cycle, whilst still controlling relative risk through the applications of limits (on countries and sectors) to the extent of deviation from the Benchmark. The selected low-risk stocks are characterized by high dividend yields, attractive valuation, strong momentum and positive analyst revisions as well. This results in a diversified, low turnover portfolio of defensive stocks aiming to achieve stable equity returns and high income. The fund aims for a better sustainability profile compared to the Benchmark by promoting E&S (i.e. Environmental and Social) characteristics within the meaning of Article 8 of the European Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation, integrating sustainability risks in the investment process and applying Robeco's Good Governance policy. The fund applies sustainability indicators, including but not limited to, normative, activity-based and region-based exclusions, proxy voting and engagement.

This Subfund is actively managed and uses the MSCI World Index for asset allocation purposes. However, although securities may be components of the Benchmark, securities outside the Benchmark may be selected too. The Subfund can deviate from the weightings of the Benchmark. The Manager has discretion over the composition of the Portfolio subject to the Investment Guidelines. The Subfund aims to outperform the Benchmark over the long run, whilst still controlling relative risk through the applications of limits (on countries and sectors) to the extent of deviation from the Benchmark. This will consequently limit the deviation of the performance relative to the Benchmark. The Benchmark is a broad market weighted index that is not consistent with the environmental, social and governance characteristics promoted by the Subfund.

Fund manager's CV

Pim van Vliet is Head of Conservative Equities and Chief Quant Strategist. As Head of Conservative Equities, he is responsible for a wide range of global, regional, and sustainable low-volatility strategies. He specializes in low-volatility investing, asset pricing, and quantitative finance. He is the author of numerous academic research papers including publications in the Journal of Banking and Finance, Management Science, and the Journal of Portfolio Management. Pim is a guest lecturer at several universities, author of an investment book and speaker at international seminars. He became Portfolio Manager in 2010. Pim joined Robeco in 2005 as a Researcher with responsibility for asset allocation research. Pim holds a PhD and a Master's cum laude in Financial and Business Economics from Erasmus University Rotterdam. Arlette van Ditshuizen is Portfolio Manager Quantitative Equities and Co-Head Quant Equity Portfolio Management. She has been portfolio manager since 2007. She focuses on managing the wide range of regional and global Conservative Equities strategies, Robeco's Low-volatility strategy. Arlette's areas of expertise are portfolio construction and risk management. She chairs Robeco's Equity Risk Management and Quant Portfolio Management Committees. Previously, she was Risk Manager within Robeco for two years and held a position as Portfolio Manager and Head of Derivatives Structures with Robeco for six years. Arlette started her career as a researcher at Robeco in 1997. She holds a Master's in Econometrics from Erasmus University Rotterdam. Maarten Polfliet is Portfolio Manager Quantitative Equities. He focuses on managing the wide range of regional and global Conservative Equities strategies, Robeco's Lowvolatility strategy. Maarten specializes in portfolio construction and investment style analyses. Until 2014, Maarten was a Quant Client Portfolio Manager at Robeco. From 2002, he was Equity Portfolio Manager at Bank Insinger de Beaufort, until he joined Robeco in 2005. He started his career as a Portfolio Manager for private and institutional clients at SNS Bank Nederland in 1999. He has a Master's in Financial Economics from Tilburg University and a Master's in Financial Analysis from the University of Amsterdam. Jan Sytze Mosselaar is Portfolio Manager Quantitative Equities. He focuses on managing the wide range of regional and global Conservative Equities strategies, Robeco's Low-volatility strategy, and the factor investing portfolios, such as Value-, Momentum-, Quality- and Multi-Factor portfolios. Jan Sytze is the author of 'A Concise Financial History of Europe', published by Robeco. He started his career in 2004 at Robeco and worked for ten years as a multi-asset portfolio manager, responsible for multi-asset funds, quant allocation funds and fiduciary pension mandates. He holds a Master's in Business Economics with a specialization in Finance & Investments from the University of Groningen. He is a CFA® charterholder. Arnoud Klep is Portfolio Manager Quantitative Equities. He focuses on managing the wide range of regional and global Conservative Equities strategies, Robeco's Low-volatility strategy. Arnoud specializes in portfolio construction and sustainability integration within quantitative equities. Previously, Arnoud was Head of Structured Investments with Robeco. managing various guantitative investment strategies. He started his career in the Robeco Quantitative Research department in 2001. Arnoud holds a Master's in Econometrics from Tilburg University.

Fiscal product treatment

The fund is established in the Netherlands. The fund is managed as a 'naamloze vennootschap' (public limited company). The fund has the status of 'fiscal investment institution' in the sense of article 28 of the Dutch Corporate-Income Tax Act 1969, and, as such, is taxed at a corporate-income tax rate of 0%. The fund is obliged to pay out the realized current income in the form of dividend within 8 months after the end of the financial year. From 1 January 2007 the fund withholds Dutch dividend tax at a rate of 15% from these dividend payments. The fund can in principle use the Dutch treaty network to partially recover any withholding tax on its income.

Fiscal treatment of investor

For a private investor residing in the Netherlands, the actual received interest, dividends or capital gains are not relevant for tax purposes. For Dutch tax-resident private investors, their holdings fall under Box 3. Investors pay annual tax on a fixed yield calculated based on the value of their assets as of 1 January. The return depends on the pro-rata allocation of assets to different categories, namely savings, debts or other assets. The holdings qualify as other assets for which the return rate is set at 6.04% (as of 1/1/2024; 6.17% as of 1/1/2023). The return rate is adjusted annually based on historical returns from previous years. The balance of the different asset categories is referred to as the return base. The effective return rate is then calculated by dividing the return by the return base. This effective return rate is applied to the savings and investments base to calculate the benefit from savings and investments. The savings and investments base is equal to the return base minus the tax-free amount. Investors pay income tax (36% in 2024; 32% in 2023) on this calculated benefit from savings and investments. The withheld Dutch dividend tax (15% as of 1/1/2024) is creditable against the income tax payable for investors residing in the Netherlands.

Investors who are not subject to (exempt from) Dutch corporate tax (including Dutch pension funds) are not taxed on the result obtained. Dutch exempt entities can fully reclaim the 15% dividend tax withheld on dividends.

Investors subject to Dutch corporate tax may be taxed on the result obtained from their investment in the fund, including dividend income and capital gains. Dutch corporate taxpayers can, in principle, credit the withheld dividend tax (15% as of 1/1/2024) against corporate tax and, under certain conditions, credit the excess in later years.

For investors outside the Netherlands, their own national tax legislation applies to foreign investment funds. Shareholders who are not subject to tax in the Netherlands and reside in countries that have a double taxation treaty with the Netherlands may, depending on the treaty, reclaim (a portion of) the Dutch dividend tax from the Dutch tax authorities. A pension fund located in another EU member state or a country that has entered into an information exchange agreement with the Netherlands and is similar to a Dutch pension fund is also entitled to a refund of Dutch dividend tax. The above is based on current Dutch tax legislation.

Sustainability images

The figures shown in the sustainability visuals are calculated on subfund level.

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